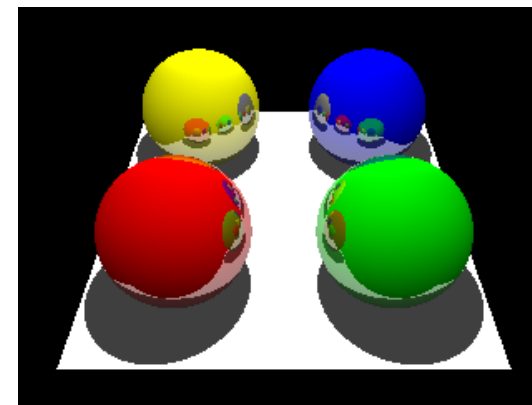
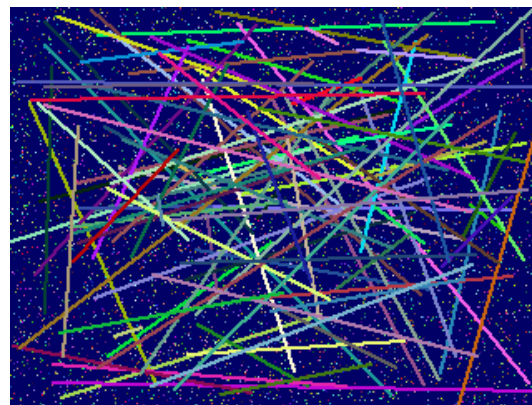
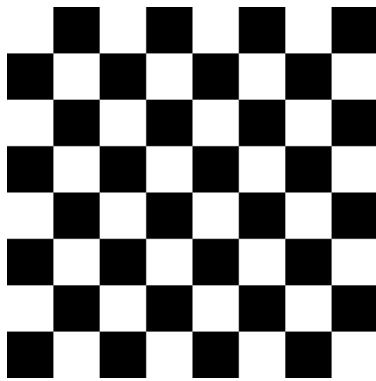
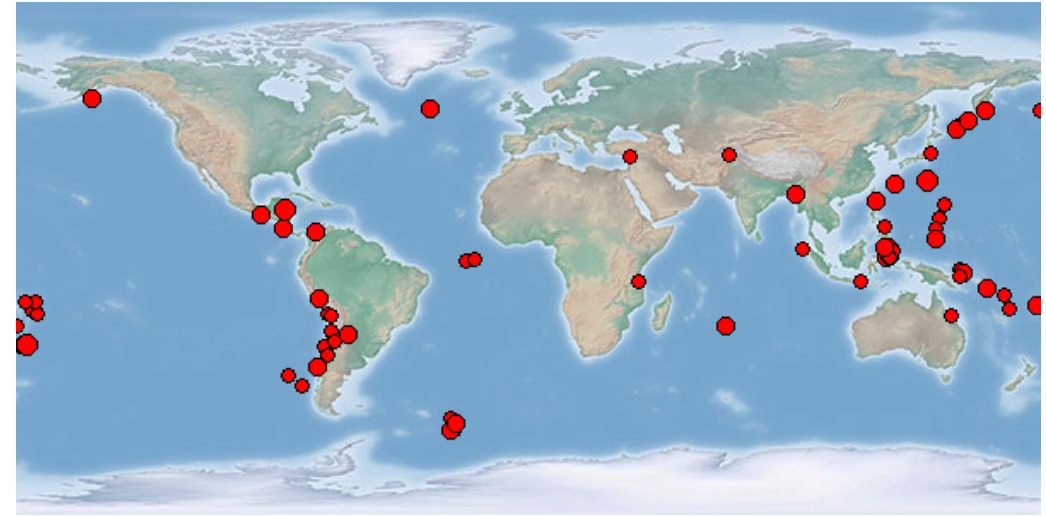
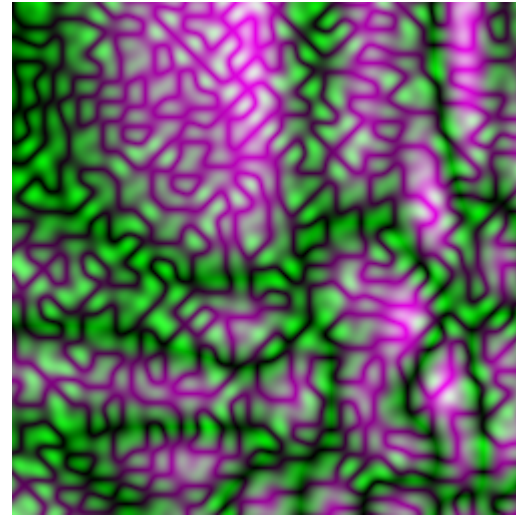
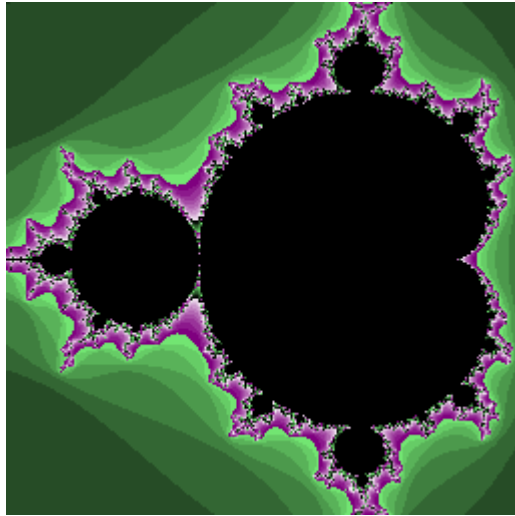
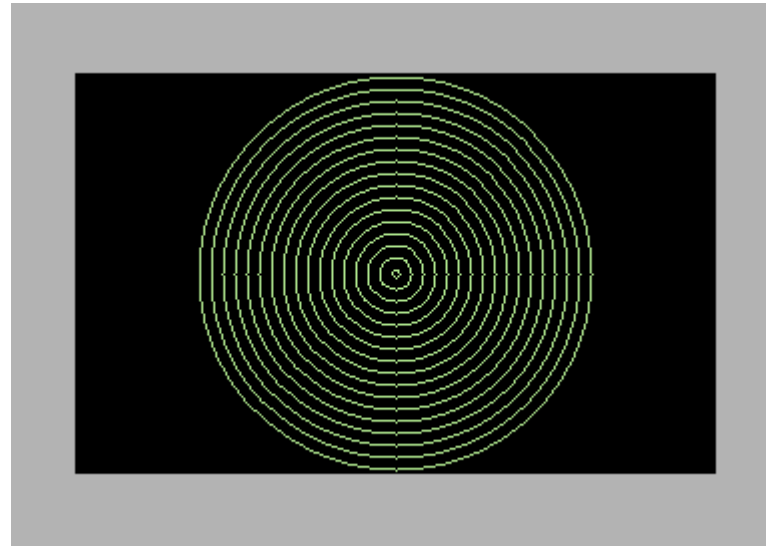
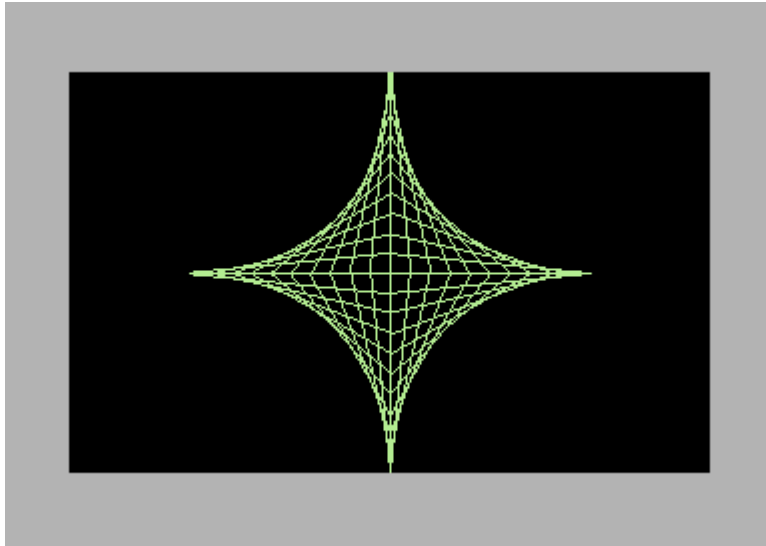


pyRT - Computer Graphics in Jupyter Notebooks for Fun and Teaching

Image Generation using Pure Python

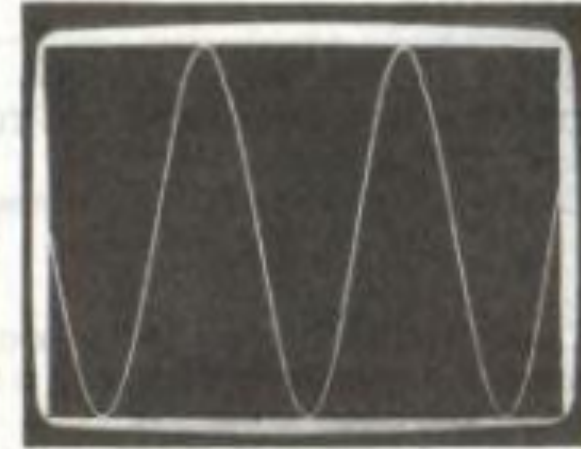


Motivation

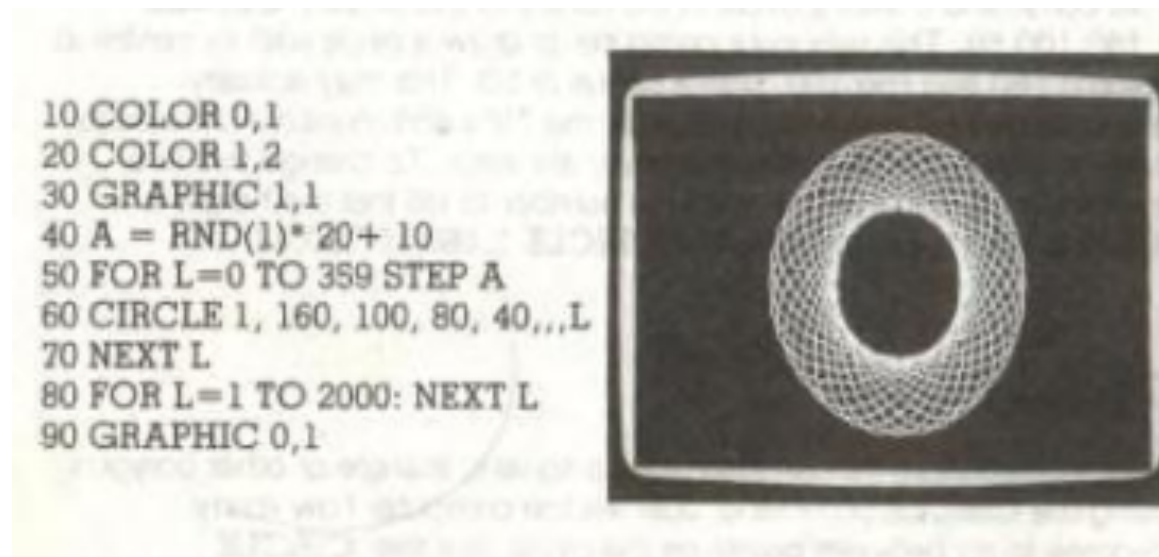


```

NEW
10 COLOR 0,1
20 COLOR 1,2
30 GRAPHIC 1,1
40 LOCATE 0,100
50 FOR X=1 TO 319
60 Y = INT (100+99 * SIN(X/20))
70 DRAW 1 TO X,Y
80 NEXT X
90 FOR L=1 TO 5000
100 NEXT L
110 GRAPHIC 0
    
```



Source: retro64, Manual C16



```

10 COLOR 0,1
20 COLOR 1,2
30 GRAPHIC 1,1
40 A = RND(1)* 20+ 10
50 FOR L=0 TO 359 STEP A
60 CIRCLE 1, 160, 100, 80, 40,..L
70 NEXT L
80 FOR L=1 TO 2000: NEXT L
90 GRAPHIC 0,1
    
```

Why do we want more Computer Graphics in Python?

Game Development

Severside Graphics Generation

- Simple to complex
- Speichern von Filmen z.B. als animiertes gif
- Teaching
 - Loops
 - Sorting Algorithms
 - ...

Streaming Content on Twitch / YouTube / ...

- Creating Real-Time Content (Demo will follow)

Other Modules (selection)

2D Graphics

- Gizeh (<https://github.com/Zulko/Gizeh>)
- Pygame (<https://github.com/pygame/pygame>)
- Arcade (<https://github.com/pvcraven/arcade>)
- Pyxel (<https://github.com/kitao/pyxel>)
- Kivy (<https://github.com/kivy/kivy>)
- PyQt5 (and other GUI-Toolkits)
- **MoviePy** (<https://github.com/Zulko/moviepy>)
und **Proglog** (<https://github.com/Edinburgh-Genome-Foundry/Proglog>)

Other Modules (Selection)

3D Graphics

- Vapory (<https://github.com/Zulko/vapory>)
- pythreejs (<https://github.com/jupyter-widgets/pythreejs>)
- three.py (<https://github.com/stemkoski/three.py>)
- PyOpenGL (<https://github.com/mcfletch/pyopengl>)
- ModernGL (<https://github.com/moderngl/moderngl>)
- VTK (<https://vtk.org/>, <https://gitlab.kitware.com/vtk/vtk>)
- PyQt5 (+ ModernGL oder QtOpenGL)
- Blender / Cinema 4D and Scripting

pyRT - <https://github.com/martinchristen/pyRT>

PyRT (pronounced **pirate**) is a raytracer/image generator for Python 3.5 and higher. This project is mainly done with the following in mind:

- Ray tracing in the Jupyter notebook
- Teaching computer graphics and ray tracing
- Exploring ray tracing concepts for geo data using Python.
- Rendering geo data, including large point clouds.
- Implementing new algorithms for rendering large 3D city models.
- Creating 3D-Maps from OpenStreetMap data
- Server-side rendering / cloud based rendering
- Having fun programming graphics stuff

Installation

```
pip install pyrt
```

(numpy & pillow are highly recommended, in theory nothing is required, but that makes displaying images hard)

First Steps: pyRT & Virtual Framebuffer

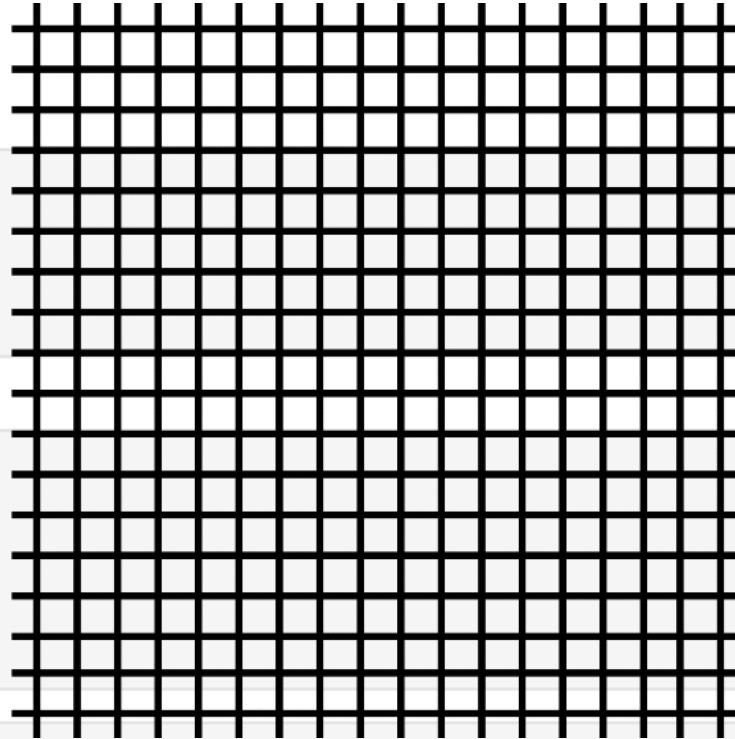
```
from pyrt.renderer import RGBImage
from pyrt.math import Vec2, Vec3
import random
```

```
w = 320
h = 240
image = RGBImage(w, h)
image.clear(Vec3(0.0,0.0,0.4))
```

```
for i in range(5000):
    position = Vec2(random.randint(0, w - 1), random.randint(0, h - 1))
    color = Vec3(random.uniform(0, 1), random.uniform(0, 1), random.uniform(0, 1))

    image.drawPoint(position, color, 1)
```

```
image.framebuffer()
```



Let's switch to Jupyter

Seeing this all in action makes more sense!

So let's go!

Yay! Live Demo!!!

Source will be located at: <https://github.com/martinchristen/EuroPython2020>